Week Four Project: Final Literature Review

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 According to Porter, analysts and politicians were increasingly worried with the proliferation of "fake news," or misleading news reports in media. Data reveals that false news is frequently spread, and has a pro-Republican tilt. Facebook also flags contested false articles and attempts to ban fake news outlets. Although it is possible to correct the usual misstatements of politicians, the sheer scope of the conspiracies of fake news can prevent correction.

 Research made by Eleuteri shows that the usage of social networking services (SNSs) has been identified as one of adolescents' favorite behaviors. Over the last decade, SNSs have become some of the most popular ways to interact, chat, and socialize, as well as create identity and self-expression. Adolescence is the period during which people play a vital role of shaping up their sexual orientation and gender. It is stated in the literature that SNSs have become the spaces for young people to create and articulate themselves, and this can have positive and negative consequences.

The media don't fight alone. It has been demonstrated by activists who placed equal rights and reform at the forefront. Countless blogs, non-profits and private organizations have initiated initiatives, awareness-raising projects and benefit sharing to support stop human and child trafficking worldwide. Media raising concern by front-page coverage in all aspects of existence and penetration in all places of interest to demonstrate the consequences of human trafficking may help close the distance. It will then attract people's eye, which will build a societal movement to end the industry's market. The war has to begin with the men viewing, purchasing and selling the woman.

 Thakor classified platforms that have become modern arena areas where long-standing disputes over sex slavery, trafficking in human beings and child sexual abuse are enforced. In order to galvanize support, the affordances of Internet technology and the for-profit existence of the corporations that produced the innovations were rhetorical guns. For example, Andrea Powell of the Equal Fund anti-trafficking organization called Craigslist "the Wal-Mart of online sex trafficking."

 According to Johnston, news media have a significant role to play in describing the problem of human exploitation and can affect public and policymaker dialogue. Understanding the aspects in which mainstream media treat human exploitation has consequences for the news business and women's global position. This report, a comparative content analysis, examined press reports regarding human abuse in major U.S. media in order to explain how the topic was portrayed over a cover year. Using Entman's typology to identify frame structure, the research centered on how press media portrayed the sex trafficking issue and described the solution. The analysis showed that press reports of prostitution was predominantly presented as a criminality problem and offered no solutions.

 On a report made by Alvarez, the debate of human trafficking has centered largely on women and children trafficked for sexual slavery. However, when social workers approach the topic, they need an awareness of the challenge, and often identifies people who are pressured to work in other fields. This essay objectively explores the increasing usage of social media focused on the sex trafficking debate, as the primary emphasis on women and children draws resources away from the study of slavery in the sense of globalization and labour abuse.

 As stated by Moore, Social networking has speeded up the pace at which human exploitation has taken place in many countries. And if cases of sex abuse have been happening for many decades, social networking outlets have intensified the crime to the awareness people have today. Lesser human exploitation exists more often than we thought. Recently it has been recognized as the most stressful encounter and violence among the teens. The number of reports of child exploitation and prostitution has risen over the years, according to figures provided by the local juvenile sex trafficking agency.

 A research made by Latonero, sex trafficking among minors continues to spread through various media outlets, our research reveals that the emergence of mobile technologies will radically change the environment of trafficking. No other networking system has been implemented so widely across the globe throughout history including the Internet. The World Bank reports that a cell phone is accessible to 75 per cent of the global population. The capacity of iii Smartphone to enable real-time contact and planning, unbound by its physical position, is often used by smugglers to expand the scope of their illegal operations.

 In the opinion of Ibanez, cell phones act as the medium for service management between the virtual and physical worlds that link clients to the product. Telephones are usually disposable cell phones, so a service contract cannot connect them to a single person. Many advertisements contain a telephone number that will call the poster to arrange services. Scheduling management should be achieved via a central line, with telephones connecting to the company by the trafficker in a clustered way, with specific numbers controlled by the providers.

 According to Wang, revolutionary law enforcement support system is designed to automatically collect and compare knowledge about the trafficking and sexual exploitation of women and especially children from open Internet sources. The framework, named TrafficBot, utilizes knowledge extraction, database processing, and natural language technology to create a data warehouse that allows for multiple knowledge visualizations for law enforcement advantage. We address TrafficBot's existing features, how law enforcement might utilize it and recommend some paths for the future.

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