## The Well-Built, Patient-Oriented Clinical Question

Question Components	Your Question
P – Patient or Population	
Describe the most important characteristics of the patient. (e.g., age, disease/condition, gender)	
I – Intervention; Prognostic Factor; Exposure	
Describe the main intervention. (e.g., drug or other treatment, diagnostic/screening test)	
C – Comparison (if appropriate)	
Describe the main alternative being considered. (e.g., placebo, standard therapy, no treatment, the gold standard)	
O – Outcome	
Describe what you're trying to accomplish, measure, improve, affect. (e.g., reduced mortality or morbidity, improved memory, accurate and timely diagnosis)	
The well-built clinical question:	

Type of Question	Ideal Type of Study		
Therapy	RCT		
Prevention	RCT > Cohort Study > Case Control		
Diagnosis	Prospective, blind controlled trial comparison to gold standard		
Prognosis	Cohort Study > Case Control > Case Series/Case Report		
Etiology/Harm	RCT > Cohort Study > Case Control		
Cost analysis	economic analysis		
Note: Meta-analyses and systematic reviews, when available, often provide the best answers to clinical questions.			

## Search Strategy Development

	Primary search term	Synonym 1	Synonym 2
Р			
I			
С			
0			